

SYLLABUS

in the discipline "Physics"

for students of the first (bachelor's) level of higher education

specialty 186 Publishing and printing

educational and professional program Publishing and printing business

1.	Name of the faculty	Faculty of Computer Science
2.	Level of higher education	bachelor
3.	Code and name of the specialty	186 Publishing and printing
4.	Type and name of educational program	Publishing and printing business
5.	Code and name of the discipline	Physics
6.	Number of ECTS credits	6
7.	Discipline structure (distribution by types and hours of study)	180 hours, of which: lectures 40 hours, practical 18 hours, laboratory 20 years, consultations 14 hours, independent work 88 hours
8.	The schedule of studying the discipline	1 course, 2 semester
9.	Prerequisites for studying the discipline	Knowledge of the main sections of higher mathematics, in particular linear and vector algebra, differential and integral calculus
10.	Discipline abstract	Content module 1. Mechanics Theme 1. Kinematics Theme 2. Dynamics of translational motion. Theme 3. Work and energy. Theme 4. Dynamics of rotational motion. Theme 5. Mechanical oscillations. Content module 2. Electromagnetism Theme 6. Electric field in vacuum. Theme 7. Electric field in dielectrics and conductors. Theme 8. Direct current. Theme 9. Magnetic field in vacuum. Theme 10. Magnetic field in matter. Theme 11. Electromagnetic induction. Theme 12. Electromagnetic oscillations.

		<p>Theme 13 Alternating current. Theme 14. Electromagnetic waves.</p> <p>Content module 3. Wave and quantum optics Theme 15. Geometric optics Theme 16. Interference. Theme 17. Diffraction. Theme 18. Polarization. Dispersion. Theme 19. Thermal radiation. Theme 20. Photo effect.</p>
11.	Competences, knowledge, skills, understanding, which is acquired by the applicant in higher education in the learning process	<p>Competences that provide the study of the discipline: Ability to abstract thinking, analysis Ability to apply knowledge in practical situations Ability to model physical phenomena, perform theoretical and experimental studies. Ability to learn independently, to master new knowledge Ability to work with scientific equipment and measuring instruments, process and analyze the results of scientific research</p>
12.	Learning outcomes of higher education	<p>The study of this discipline gives the student the opportunity to: know: basics of physical laws and fundamental physical concepts, properties of physical systems, classical and modern physical theories, the essence of physical phenomena and areas of their practical application, physical principles of modern technology. be able to: establish a connection between the facts and bring them into the system, apply physical knowledge to solve practical problems, use models of physical phenomena of applied problems of the future specialty; to analyze the influence of physical phenomena on the modes of operation of modern technology</p>
13.	Assessment system according to each task for passing the exam	<p>To evaluate the student's work during the semester, the final rating O_{sem} is calculated as the sum of grades for different types of classes and control activities, which include practical classes, laboratory work, individual calculation task and modular testing.</p> <p>The combined exam is used as a form of final control for the discipline "Physics". With this type of control, the final grade is calculated by the formula: $P_n = 0,6 \cdot O_{sem} + 0,4 \cdot O_{ex}$, where O_{sem} – grade for the semester in a 100-point system, O_{ex} – grade for the exam in a 100-point system.</p>

The final grade is translated into national and ECTS according to the scale:

Grade from the discipline	Score on a national scale	ECTS scale score
96-100	5 (perfectly)	A
90-95	5 (perfectly)	B
75-89	4 (good)	C
66-74	3 (satisfactorily)	D
60-65	3 (satisfactorily)	E
35-59	2 (unsatisfactorily)	FX
1-34		F

14. The quality of the educational process The content of the discipline can be updated depending on the modern needs of the specialty

15. Methodical support

Basic literature

1. Karmazin VV, Semenets VV General physics course. - Kyiv: Condor, 2008.
2. Sivukhin DV General course of physics.-M .: Science, 1990.
3. General physics with examples and problems. Part 2. Electricity and magnetism: textbook. manual./ IM Kibets and others. - Kharkiv: SMITH Company, 2009-424p .;
4. General physics with examples and problems. Part 3, item 1. Optics: textbook. manual / IM Kibets and others. - H.: SMITH Company, 2012. - 232p.

Supporting literature

1. Elementary physics in examples and problems: textbook. Manual for preparatory departments / A.D. Tevyashev et al. - Kharkov: KNURE, 2005. - 628p.
2. Collection of tests from the course of physics / O.M. Kovalenko and others.-Kharkiv: KNURE, 2006.-124p.
3. Dictionary of physical terms: textbook / T.B. Tkachenko.-Kharkiv: KNURE, 2004.-80p.
4. Savelyev IV Physics course. T.1,2,3.-M .: Nauka, 1989.

Methodical instructions for different types of classes

1. Methodical instructions for software in the course of physics (part 1) / Edited by: VO Storozhenko and others. – Kharkiv: KhNURE, 2013.-152p.

		<p>2. Methodical instructions for software in physics (part 2) / Edited by: V.O. Storozhenko and others. –Kharkiv: KhNURE, 2013.-140p.</p> <p>3. Methodical instructions for laboratory work in physics. Part 2. Electricity and magnetism. / Edited by: RP Orel and others. - Kharkiv: KNURE, 2019. - 120p.</p> <p>4. Methodical instructions for laboratory work in physics. Part 3. Optics. Atomic physics and solid state physics / Emphasis. Malik SB et al.-Kharkiv: KNURE, 2011.</p> <p>5. Methodical instructions for computer laboratory work in physics./ O.M. Kovalenko and others.- Kharkiv: KNURE, 2006-124p.</p> <p>Information support: http://physic.nure.ua http://catalogue.nure.ua/knmz/?subdivision=24&level=0&query=undefined</p>
16.	Syllabus developer	Associate Professor of Physics Meshkov Sergey Nikolaevich sergiy.meshkov@nure.ua