SYLLABUS in the discipline "Physics" for students of the first (bachelor's) level of higher education specialty 173 Avionics educational and professional program Avionics embedded systems

1.	Name of the faculty	Faculty of Automatics and Computerized Technologies	
2.	Higher education level	Bachelor	
3.	Code and name of the specialty	173 Avionics	
4.	Type and name of educational program	Avionics embedded systems	
5.	Code and name of the discipline	Physics	
6.	Number of ECTS credits	10	
7.	Structure of the discipline (distribution by types and hours of study)	1st semester 150 hours, of which: lectures 36 hours, practical 14 hours, laboratory 16 hours, consultations 12 hours, independent work 72 hours 2nd semester 150 hours, of which: lectures 36 hours, practical 14 hours, laboratory hours 14, consultations 12 hours, self-work74 hours	
8.	Schedule of study of the discipline	1st year, 1st and 2nd semester	
9.	Prerequisites for studying the discipline	Knowledge of the beginning of mathematical analysis (integral and differential computation), analytical geometry and linear algebra (actions with vectors), chemistry (atomic-molecular theory, structure of atoms and molecules).	
10.	Discipline abstract	Content module 1. Classical mechanics. Topic 1. Kinematics. Topic 2. Dynamics of translational motion. Topic 3. Work and energy. Topic 4. Dynamics of rotational motion. Content module 2. Mechanical oscillations. Special theory of relativity. Molecular physics and thermodynamics. Topic 5. Mechanical oscillations. Topic 6. Special theory of relativity. Topic 7. Molecular physics. Topic 8. Thermodynamics. Content module 3. Electrostatics. Electrodynamics. Topic 9. Electric field in vacuum. Topic 10. Electric field in dielectrics. Topic 11. Conductors in an electric field. Topic 12. Direct electric current. Content module 4. Magnetism. Electromagnetic oscillations and waves. Topic 13. Magnetic field in watter. Topic 15. The magnetic field in matter. Topic 16. Electromagnetic oscillations and alternating current. Topic 17. Electromagnetic oscillations and alternating current. Topic 18. Elastic waves Topic 19. Electromagnetic waves Content module 5. Optics. Elements of quantum mechanics. Topic 20. Wave optics	

		 Topic 21. Quantum optics. Topic 22. Bohr's theory of the structure of the hydrogen atom. Topic 23. Wave theory of microparticles. Topic 24. Schrödinger's equation and its application. Content module 6. Quantum theory of the structure of atoms and molecules. Solid state physics. Topic 25. Quantum theory of the structure of the hydrogen atom. Topic 26. The structure of many electron atoms. Topic 27. Structure of molecules and molecular spectra. Topic 28. Quantum statistics. Topic 29. Zone theory. Topic 30. Contact phenomena.
11.	Competences, knowledge, skills, understanding, which is acquired by the applicant of higher education in the process of learning	Competence, which provides the study of the discipline: Ability to abstract thinking, analysis Ability to apply knowledge in practical situations Ability to model physical phenomena, perform theoretical and experimental studies. Ability to learn independently, to master new knowledge Ability to work with scientific equipment and measuring instruments, process and analyze the results of scientific research Ability to apply knowledge of physics to the extent necessary for understanding processes in automation systems and computer- integrated technologies. Ability to justify the choice of technical means of automation based on understanding the principles of their operation, analysis of their properties, purpose and technical characteristics, taking into account the requirements for the automation systems and operating conditions; adjust technical means of automation and control systems.
12.	Learning outcomes of higher education	The study of this discipline gives the student the opportunity to: Know the basic concepts, laws and theories that explain physical phenomena, as well as physical quantities by which to describe physical phenomena and processes at the level necessary for solving typical tasks and problems of automation; Know the essence of physical phenomena, their mechanisms, causal relationships in physical processes; limits of application of physical laws and theories of physics; Know the theoretical and experimental methods of physical research; Know the physical principles of operation of modern technological equipment and apparatus; Know the purpose and possibilities of application of the experimental equipment for carrying out physical research. Be able to analyze the relationship of physical phenomena of different nature and their influence on the modes of operation of modern technology; Be able to plan and conduct the simplest physical experiments using modern equipment and process the results of these experiments; Have the ability to conduct experimental research with modern methods and process their results,
13.	Assessment system for each task for passing the test / exam	For assessment the student's work during the semester, the final rating O_{sem} is calculated as the sum of grades for different types of classes and control activities, which include practical classes, laboratory work, individual calculation task and modular testing. The combined exam is used as a form of final control for the

		calculated by the form grade for the semester in a 100-point system. The final grade <i>H</i> to the scale: Assessment in the discipline	With this type of control, the nula: $P_n = 0, 6 \cdot O_{sem} + 0, 4 \cdot C$ in a 100-point system, $O_{ex} - g$ P_n is translated into national an Assessment on a national scale	D_{ex} , where O_{sem} - grade for the exam
		96-100	5 (excellent)	А
		90-95	5 (excellent)	В
		75-89	4 (good)	С
		66-74	3 (satisfactory)	D
		60-65	3 (satisfactory)	Е
		35-59		FX
		1-34	2 (unsatisfactory)	F
14.	The quality of the educational process	The content of the discipline can be updated depending on the modern needs of the specialty.		ing on the modern
15.	Methodical support	 Basic Literature: Zagal'na fizyka z prykladamy i zadachamy. Chast Molekuljarna fizyka ta termodynamika: navch. Storozhenko ta inHarkiv: TOV «Kompanija SMIT», Zagal'na fizyka z prykladamy i zadachamy. Chast ta magnetyzm: navch. posibnyk. / I.M. Kibec' ta magnetyzm: navch. posibnyk. / I.M. Kibec' ta «Kompanija SMIT», 2009 – 424s.; Zagal'n afizyka z prykladamy i zadachamy. Optyka: navch.posibnyk / I.M. Kibec' ta in. – H.:K 2012. – 232s. Zagal'na fizyka z prykladamy i zadachamy. Kvantova ta atomna fizyka. Fizyka tverdogo tila. navch.posibnyk / I.M.Kibec' ta in. –H.:Kompanija SM Additional literature: Elementarnaja fyzyka v prymerah y zadachah: ucl podgotovytel'nih otdelenyj/ A.D. Tevjashev y dr. – H 2005 628s. Zbirnyktestiv z kursufizyky/ O.M. Kovalenko HNURE,2006124s. Slovnyk fizychnyh terminiv: navchdovidk T.B. TkachenkoHarkiv: HNURE,200480s. 		Posibnyk/ V.O. p, 2006. – 320 s. styna 2. Elektryka ta in Harkiv: Chastyna 3, t.1. Kompanija SMIT, Chastyna 3, t.2. a. Jaderna fizyka: MIT, 2013.–304s cheb. Posobye dlja Har'kov: HNURE, ko ta inHarkiv:
		 1)/Uporjad.:V.O.Storo Metodychni (chastyna2)/Uporjad.:V 140s. Metodychni vkaziv Mehanika ta molekulja Harkiv: HNURE, 200 Metodychni vkaziv 	zivky do PZ z kursu zhenko ta in. –Harkiv:HNURE vkazivky do PZ V.O.Storozhenko ta in. –Harki vky do laboratornyh robit z fi arnafizyka. / Uporjad.: O.V. V	z fizyky iv:HNURE, 2013 izyky. Chastyna 1. lyshnivec'kyj ta in. izyky. Chastyna 2.

		HNURE, 2019. – 120s.
		5. Metodychni vkazivky do laboratornyh robit z fizyky. Chastyna 3.
		Optyka. Atomnafizyka ta fizykatverdogotila / Upor. Malyk S.B. ta in
		Harkiv: HNURE, 2011.
		6. Metodychni vkazivky do komp'juternyh laboratornyh robit z
		fizyky./ O.M. Kovalenko ta in Harkiv:HNURE, 2006-124s.
		Information support:
		http://physic.nure.ua
		http://catalogue.nure.ua/knmz/?subdivision=24&level=0&query=undef
		ined
16.	Syllabus developer	Associated Professor of Physics Department Orel Roman Petrovich,
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